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### **PCT**

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#### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applica 2002.		_	t's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)		
International application No. International filing date PCT/EP 03/10189 11.09.2003					nth/year) Priority date (day/month/year) 13.09.2002		
Interna C07K			t Classification (IPC) o	r both national classification and IPC			
Applica UNIV		ITEIT	GENT et al.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
1.	This i Autho	nterna ority a	ational preliminary e nd is transmitted to	examination report has been preparties applicant according to Article	ared by this International Preliminary Examining 36.		
2.	This I	REPC	PRT consists of a tol	tal of 7 sheets, including this cover	er sheet.		
		been (see	amended and are t Rule 70.16 and Sec	he basis for this report and/or she tion 607 of the Administrative Inst	of the description, claims and/or drawings which have sets containing rectifications made before this Authority tructions under the PCT).		
	Thes	e ann	exes consist of a to	tal of 2 sheets.			
3.	This	report⊠		s relating to the following items:			
	i II		Basis of the opinio Priority	11			
	Ш		Non-establishment	t of opinion with regard to novelty,	inventive step and industrial applicability		
	IV 🛮 Lack of unity of invention V 🖾 Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability citations and explanations supporting such statement						
	VI		Certain documents				
	VII		Certain defects in	the international application			
	VIII		Certain observatio	ns on the international application	)		
Date	of sub	missio	n of the demand	Date	of completion of this report		
24.03.2004				11.1	1.2004		
		mailine					
Name	e and i ninary	exami	g address of the interning authority:	ational Author	orized Officer		
Name	e and in minary	exami Eur D-8	g address of the internating authority: ropean Patent Office 30298 Munich 1. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx:	Grie	esinger, I		

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

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I.	Basi:	s of	the	re	oq	rt
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1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	Des	Description, Pages										
	1-41	I	as originally filed									
	Seq	Sequence listings part of the description, Pages										
	1-27		as originally filed									
	Clai	Claims, Numbers										
	1-8	ino, rumsoro	received on 11.10.2004 with letter of 07.10.2004									
	Drawings, Sheets											
		-11/11	as originally filed									
2.	With lang	n regard to the <b>langua</b> juage in which the into	age, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the ernational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.									
	The	se elements were ava	ailable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:									
		the language of a tra	nslation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).									
•		the language of publ	ication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).									
		the language of a tra Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3	nslation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under 3).									
3.	With inte	With regard to any <b>nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence</b> disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:										
	×	contained in the inter	rnational application in written form.									
	$\boxtimes$	filed together with the	e international application in computer readable form.									
	furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.											
		furnished subsequer	ntly to this Authority in computer readable form.									
	The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclos in the international application as filed has been furnished.											
	The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequelisting has been furnished.											
4.	The	amendments have re	esulted in the cancellation of:									
		the description,	pages:									
		the claims,	Nos.:									
		the drawings,	sheets:									

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5.		This report has been establish been considered to go beyond	ed as I the d	if (some of) isclosure as	the amendr filed (Rule :	nents had 70.2(c)).	not beer	ı made, s	since they	have
		(Any replacement sheet conta report.)	ining s	such amend	ments must	be referre	d to und	∍r item 1	and anne.	xed to thi
6.	Add	ditional observations, if necessa	ry:							
IV	. Lac	k of unity of invention								
1.	in r	esponse to the invitation to rest	rict or	pav additior	al fees, the	applicant	has:			
		h			,					
		paid additional fees.								
		paid additional fees under pro	test.							
		neither restricted nor paid add	litional	fees.						
2.		This Authority found that the r Rule 68.1, not to invite the app	equire olicant	ment of unity to restrict o	of inventio	n is not co nal fees.	mplied w	/ith and c	:hose, acc	ording to
3.	This	s Authority considers that the re	equirer	ment of unity	of invention	n in accord	dance wit	h Rules	13.1, 13.2	and 13.3
	$\boxtimes$	complied with.								
		not complied with for the follow	wing re	easons:						
4.	Cor exa	nsequently, the following parts omination in establishing this re	of the i	nternational	application	were the s	subject o	f internati	ional prelir	minary
	$\boxtimes$	all parts.								
		the parts relating to claims No	s							
٧.	Rea cita	asoned statement under Artic tions and explanations supp	ele 35( orting	2) with rega such state	ard to nove ment	lty, invent	tive step	or indus	strial appl	licability;
1.	Sta	tement								
	Nov	velty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-8		,	*** ***		
	inve	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-8					
	Indi	ustrial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-8					
2.	Cita	ations and explanations								

see separate sheet

#### 1. Introduction

The international preliminary examination report refers to the following documents (D) cited in the international search report:

D1: Entry in the EMBL database, accession number AJ310819

D2: WO9509182

D3: VERCAUTEREN ISABEL ET AL: "Identification of excretory-secretory products of larval and adult Ostertagia ostertagi by immunoscreening of cDNA libraries." MOLECULAR AND BIOCHEMICAL PARASITOLOGY. NETHERLANDS FEB 2003, vol. 126, no. 2, February 2003 (2003-02), pages 201-208, XP001156729 ISSN: 0166-6851

The present application relates to immunogenic proteins of Ostertagia ostertagi, and in particular to a protein according to Seq. ID No. 8 with a molecular weight of >200kD and the corresponding nucleic acid sequence according to Seq. ID No. 7. Said protein was deduced from a cDNA sequence, wherein the cDNA sequence was identified by screening a cDNA library with antibodies. Said antibodies were either 1) in the form of polyclonal serum of rabbits immunized with excretory-secretory (ES) products of the nematode (example1) or 2) local antibodies obtained from mucus and antibody secreting cell (ASC) culture supernatant (example 3).

D1 discloses the nucleic acid sequence of an EST which is 100% identical over the full length to the sequence according to Seq. ID No. 7 of the present application. The EST is derived from excretory-secretory products of Ostertagia ostertagi.

D2 relates to antigenic peptides of 26-36kDa and 91-105kDa of a complete L3 larvae of Ostertagia circumcincta. The peptides were identified by Western blotting and short stretches of the peptides were sequenced. The proteins are intended to be used as vaccines.

D3 was published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed (PX document). Said document is not considered when accessing novelty and inventive step, since regulations concerning such "PX" documents differ between the PCT member states. However, the document may be relevant for accessing novelty and inventive step of the present application during regional and national proceeding. In any case, the document is relevant for accessing credibility of the subject-matter claimed. This is particulary true, since it seems to be the scientific publication

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corresponding to the application.

#### Re Item V

Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

The present application does not meet the criteria of Article 33(1) PCT, because the subject-matter of all claims does not involve an inventive step in the sense of Article 33(3) PCT.

1. The subject-matter of claims 1 and 2 is not inventive in view of D1 alone or in combination with D2 for the following reasons.

Claims 1 and 2 relate to first and further medical uses of a protein having at least 90% "homology" to the sequence according to Seq. ID No. 8 or immunologic fragments thereof, wherein said uses are the use of the protein in a vaccine. However, the present application does not seem to provide evidence that the protein has protective capacities against Ostertagia ostertagi infection: Said protein was deduced from cDNA sequence, wherein the cDNA sequences were identified by screening a cDNA library with multiple different antibodies. Consequently, it is only shown, that said protein is recognized by antibodies, i.e. it is an antigen. However, a protein to be useful as a vaccine, needs to activate the immune system beyond induction of antibodies alone, namely the protein must trigger the host's immune response to effectively-interfere with the course of an infection or disease. No evidence is provided for such a protective capacity of the protein claimed. The PX document D3, which seems to be the scientific publication corresponding to the present application, also emphasizes that the identified protein is one of the "proteins with potential protective capacities, which are targets for vaccine development" (see Abstract, last sentence, emphasize added by the examining division), i.e. it's usefulness in a vaccine was not yet shown.

Hence, the objective problem has to be reformulated as the provision of an antigen which is *potentially* useful for the preparation of a vaccine.

The solution, namely the provision of the protein according to Seq. ID No. 8 and of the corresponding "homologous" sequences and fragments, is obvious.

D1 already discloses the EST sequence encoding said protein and that the protein is a excretory-secretory product of Ostertagia ostertagi. It is general knowledge that most

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secreted proteins of a pathogen are antigens which may be useful in a vaccine. Said general knowledge is confirmed by D2, which discloses that antigens of an Ostertagia species were identified with the intention to use them in a vaccine (see Abstract and claim 27). Consequently, the selection of the protein according to Seq. ID No. 8 must be considered to be an arbitrary selection from all proteins of Ostertagia with potential protective capacities. Therefore, the subject-matter of claims 1 and 2 is not inventive.

- 2. The same reasoning applies for vaccines comprising antibodies against the protein having at least 90% "homology" to the sequence according to Seq. ID No. 8 or immunologic fragments thereof, since no protective effect has been shown for said antibodies. Hence, the subject-matter of claim 4 is not inventive.
- 3. An inventive step may be acknowledged for first and second medical uses of the protein having at least 90% "homology" to the sequence according to Seq. ID No. 8 or immunologic fragments thereof and for antibodies against said proteins, if evidence was provided that the protein has protective capacities, i.e. is in fact useful for the preparation of a vaccine.
- 4. Claim 3 relates to a vaccine comprising the protein having at least 90% "homology" to the sequence according to Seq. ID No. 8 or immunologic fragments thereof. Said claim is interpreted as being directed to a product as such, which is suitable for the intended use as a vaccine. Consequently, claim 3 relates to a solution of the protein or it's fragment, which is suitable for use as a vaccine, i.e. to the protein or the protein fragments in water or buffer.

D1 already discloses a sequence encoding said protein, i.e. implicitely already discloses the protein. Since it is common practice to store proteins as a solution in water or buffer, the subject-matter of claim 3 is not considered to be inventive.

- 5. The same considerations as for claim 3 apply for claim 8, since the method steps of the "method for the preparation of a vaccine" are identical to the method steps for the preparation of a solution comprising the protein according to Seq. ID No. 8 or it's "homologous" or fragments. Consequently, the subject-matter of claim 8 is not inventive in view of D1.
- 6. The addition of an adjuvant or antigens of other organisms can not make the subject-matter of claims 3 and 4 inventive. Therefore, the vaccines according to claims 5-7 are obvious in view of D1.

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7. Further comments: The subject-matter of claims 1 and 2 is not supported by the description (Article 6 PCT), since the protective capacity of the proteins or peptides is not creadible for the reasons indicated under item V, 1.